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or thrust available when retraction of the landing gear is begun in accordance with §25.111 unless there is a more critical power operating condition existing later along the flight path but before the point at which the landing gear is fully retracted; and

- (2) The weight equal to the weight existing when retraction of the landing gear is begun, determined under §25.111
- (b) Takeoff; landing gear retracted. In the takeoff configuration existing at the point of the flight path at which the landing gear is fully retracted, and in the configuration used in §25.111 but without ground effect, the steady gradient of climb may not be less than 2.4 percent for two-engine airplanes, 2.7 percent for three-engine airplanes, and 3.0 percent for four-engine airplanes, at V_2 and with—
- (1) The critical engine inoperative, the remaining engines at the takeoff power or thrust available at the time the landing gear is fully retracted, determined under §25.111, unless there is a more critical power operating condition existing later along the flight path but before the point where the airplane reaches a height of 400 feet above the takeoff surface; and
- (2) The weight equal to the weight existing when the airplane's landing gear is fully retracted, determined under §25.111.
- (c) Final takeoff. In the en route configuration at the end of the takeoff path determined in accordance with $\S25.111$, the steady gradient of climb may not be less than 1.2 percent for two-engine airplanes, 1.5 percent for three-engine airplanes and 1.7 percent for four-engine airplanes, at V_{FTO} and with
- (1) The critical engine inoperative and the remaining engines at the available maximum continuous power or thrust; and
- (2) The weight equal to the weight existing at the end of the takeoff path, determined under §25.111.
- (d) Approach. In a configuration corresponding to the normal all-engines-operating procedure in which V_{SR} for this configuration does not exceed 110 percent of the V_{SR} for the related all-engines-operating landing configuration, the steady gradient of climb may

not be less than 2.1 percent for two-engine airplanes, 2.4 percent for three-engine airplanes, and 2.7 percent for four engine airplanes, with

- (1) The critical engine inoperative, the remaining engines at the go-around power or thrust setting;
 - (2) The maximum landing weight;
- (3) A climb speed established in connection with normal landing procedures, but not more than $1.4\ V_{SR}$; and
- (4) Landing gear retracted.

[Doc. No. 5066, 29 FR 18291, Dec. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 25–84, 60 FR 30749, June 9, 1995; Amdt. 25–108, 67 FR 70826, Nov. 26, 2002]

§25.123 En route flight paths.

- (a) For the en route configuration, the flight paths prescribed in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section must be determined at each weight, altitude, and ambient temperature, within the operating limits established for the airplane. The variation of weight along the flight path, accounting for the progressive consumption of fuel and oil by the operating engines, may be included in the computation. The flight paths must be determined at any selected speed, with—
- (1) The most unfavorable center of gravity;
 - (2) The critical engines inoperative;
- (3) The remaining engines at the available maximum continuous power or thrust; and
- (4) The means for controlling the engine-cooling air supply in the position that provides adequate cooling in the hot-day condition.
- (b) The one-engine-inoperative net flight path data must represent the actual climb performance diminished by a gradient of climb of 1.1 percent for two-engine airplanes, 1.4 percent for three-engine airplanes, and 1.6 percent for four-engine airplanes.
- (c) For three- or four-engine airplanes, the two-engine-inoperative net flight path data must represent the actual climb performance diminished by a gradient of climb of 0.3 percent for three-engine airplanes and 0.5 percent for four-engine airplanes.

§ 25.125 Landing.

(a) The horizontal distance necessary to land and to come to a complete stop (or to a speed of approximately 3 knots